

Terms of Use

All rights reserved. No part of this packet may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form by any means - electronic, mechanical, photo-copies, recording, or otherwise - without prior permission of the publisher, except as provided by US copyright law.

Copyright © Natural Beach Living

You are permitted to use this file for personal use only. You may download the file to your own computer and print it as many times as you need for your own family.

Please DO NOT edit or share the file. DO NOT store these on any website, forum, or other online venue. DO NOT present this file as your own creation. DO NOT resell or distribute to other people.

If you would like to share this file with others, please share the blog post link not the direct download link.

Questions or concerns: naturalbeachliving@gmail.com .



Adelie penguins raise their young on the continent of Antarctica. In the winter, Adelie penguins live at sea. They take turns

sitting on their eggs. One goes out to sea to eat while the other sits on the eggs. Adelie penguins eat krill, fish, and squid. A group of Adelie penguins is called a creche. When Adelie chicks are about 9 weeks old, are ready to go into the sea to hunt for their own food. They are excellent swimmers!



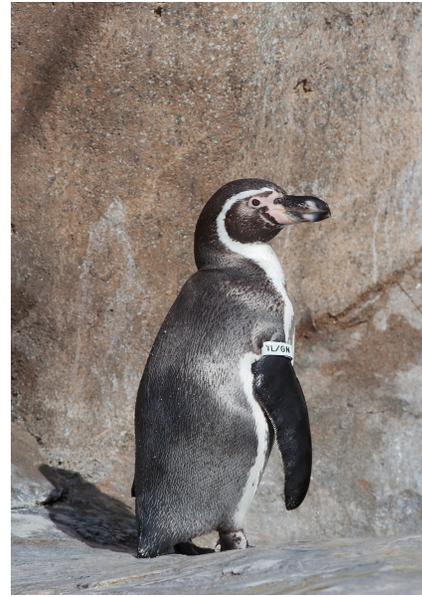
Galapagos penguins are only 5.5 pounds and 20 inches tall when they're fully grown. Galapagos penguins have a head that is

black with a white border. Their belly is white with black spots. They live in the Galapagos Islands. The Galapagos penguin is the only penguin species that can live north of the equator. They are the third smallest species. These penguins eat krill, squid, and various types of fish. Galapagos penguins are listed as an endangered species.



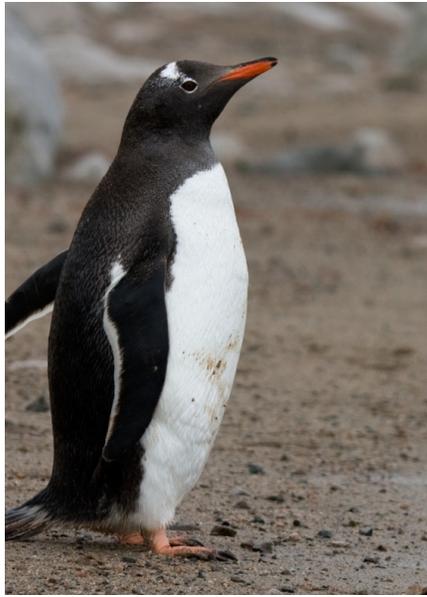
Chinstrap penguins get their name from the black band under their chin. That strap makes them look like they're wearing a helmet. They

are considered the most aggressive type of penguin. Females are shorter and lighter than the males. Chinstrap penguins can swim up to 50 miles a day! These penguins live 15–20 years. They have strong legs and pink feet. Chinstrap penguins eat fish, krill, and shrimp. The chinstrap penguin is the second most abundant penguin in Antarctica.



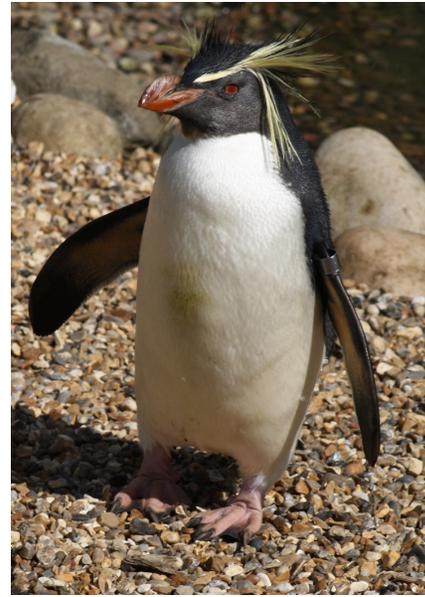
Humboldt penguins have a black breastband when they're grown. They live in South America along the Pacific Coast. They live in a warmer

climate than most other penguins. Humboldt penguins can glide through the water at a speed of up to 30 miles per hour. They eat small fish and krill that they swallow whole instead of chewing. While they aren't considered endangered right now, they are vulnerable. Their food supply is dropping as fishing increases in the area.



Gentoo penguins have bright red-orange beaks. They live in the Antarctic Peninsula. They are the world's third largest penguin

population. They prefer to live in ice-free areas – coastal plains, cliffs, and valleys that are sheltered from the ice. Adults spend the entire day hunting for food. They prefer to hunt close to the shore but will venture further out if necessary. Their predators include leopard seals, sea lions, and orcas.



Rockhopper penguins are the most aggressive type of penguins. They are known for their red eyes and the yellow feather tufts on their

heads. They like to hop from rock to rock with their feet together. This allows them to hop up to four or five feet! They prefer shallow waters, but can dive up to 330 feet while chasing prey. They live in large groups known as colonies, but can often be seen fighting with each other.